

Farmer JOHN CRANE of Eggardon, Dorset

John CRANE (b.1640 at Eggardon, Askerswell, buried at Osmington 26th March 1725), made his Will on the fourth day of May 1718. After leaving bequests to his two daughters and their children the remainder was left to his son Samuel (1670-1740 Alton Pancras), sole executor. Samuel first married Mary of Allington who died at the birth of their son John, b 1708, and secondly Elizabeth KNIGHT of Askerswell.

Samuel the 2nd, (b.1718 Askerswell d.1787 Alton Pancras), son of Samuel and Elizabeth, married 1742 at Folke, Edith HOPKINS of Buckland Newton where a meadow is named Crane Meadow. Secondly, in 1766 at Alton Pancras, he married Mary ISLES, a widow of Piddletrenthide. This Samuel, a Gentleman, was renting Alton Pancras Manor House, and acting as churchwarden at Alton from 1710-1786. Samuel left all his land and money to his half brother John, yeoman farmer of Child Okeford, but he had died so the fortune went to Samuel the 3rd, John's eldest son, born 1746, the executor and main beneficiary.

John Crane the 2nd, (1708-1775 Askerswell), yeoman farmer and bailiff for the TRENCHARD family property around Lytchett, was a ratepayer, treasurer and churchwarden at Hammoon where he was buried. He married Elizabeth/Betty -----? (1710-1781). Eleven children were known to survive infancy, including Dorothy Crane (b.1744, d.1828) married 1772 Charles COX a wheelwright (b.1752, d.1811) Of their 6 issue born at Child Okeford, the eldest, Charles Cox (b.1773) was a carpenter on HMS Crescent in Simons Bay, off Cape Town in 1796 when while working in the rigging he was shot by Edward NEXTON, a surgeon's second mate firing at seagulls, and fell to his death. His mother placed a plaque in Child Okeford Church in his memory. Edward Nexton was honourably acquitted of any criminal intent at a court martial. Henry Cox (1775-1841) married Ann and had a timber yard at Pedlar's Acre, Lambeth opposite the Houses of Parliament. No known children. Sophia Cox (1780-1844) married 1806, Bernard Bishop BUCK (b.1780 Wyke Regis d.1859 Weymouth), a master mariner. Of their five children born at Wyke Regis: Sophia Elizabeth Mintern Buck 1808-1835 married John SWETMAN, dealer at Child Okeford. One son, Charles Samuel Swetman, bap. Wyke Regis in 1835. The family was recorded as living at Yenson, Dorset, but this place has yet to be traced and no record of the family has been found. Fanny Bishop Buck (1810-1858) married James MACPHERSON, a Primitive Methodist minister from Edinburgh, at Weymouth. Seven children all born in Lancashire or Cheshire between 1840 and 1845 included George Henry Buck (1818-1880), a tea dealer, who married Mary SMITH (1827-1914) in 1858, at Croydon. She was a Quaker as were all her immediate family. A witness at their wedding was John HORNIMAN, the Quaker founder of Horniman's Tea and the husband of Mary's aunt. The next generation of Crane descendants on this line regularly have very dark hair, blue eyes and strong features. George and Mary had two daughters born near Banbury, Oxfordshire. The second was Louisa Fanny Buck (1869-1945) who never married. The first daughter, Mary Louisa Buck (1860-1928) married Henry Robert CLARK a Quaker schoolmaster from Bristol. They set up home at Winscombe, Somerset which is near the Quaker School at Sidcot where Henry taught. Of their four children Ethel Mary (1886-1972) married Edmund WALKER a bank director from Saffron Walden, Essex, at Winscombe. They had one son who didn't marry. Ethel was an extremely accomplished piano player and attended

This article is an introduction to the Crane Family Reunion at Blandford Forum on Saturday 20th September 2003. All descendants of John Crane are welcome. Details from Pam Golding, Founders, High Street, Henstridge BA8 0RB psgolding@yahoo.com

the Royal School of Music. Walter Henry (1888-1965) married Winifred May Harriet MAYNARD from Twickenham, Middlesex at Wyke Regis. They had two daughters. Walter was an architect who practiced mainly in London, but also in Cyprus for a time during the 1920's. Jessie Clark 1895-1978, a domestic science teacher mainly in Swindon, Wiltshire, Jessie never married. She had her father's sense of humour, not a Crane trait on this line! Clifford Stanley (1898-1919) trained to be an accountant, but WWI interrupted this. In 1915 he was a Lieutenant in the Royal Field Artillery and later was awarded the Military Cross. Additional family names, MATCHAM, THOMAS, HARVEY, WAREHAM, BISHOP, SAINSBURY, TYLER, MAYNARD, WELLS, BURCHILL.

Samuel the 3rd (1746-1815), eldest son of John Crane the 2nd and Betty was the most successful financially. A farm manager at Bloxworth, he married first 1771 Jane PERROT at Hermitage, and in 1788 Elizabeth DAVIS at Cerne Abbas. Four sons, including James (b.1792, Cerne Abbas) maltster and Gentleman of Cerne who married 1858 at Chillfrome Jane POPE (b.1822 Toller Porcorum), daughter of Ezekiel Pope, Gentleman. James built the present Southover House at Tolpuddle in 1862. Their son James Edward (1863-1943), farmer of 1,164 acres at Tolpuddle, married 1889 one of the vicar's daughters, Mary Estelle NASH (1864-1950) and they lived and died at the Manor House which James Edward had purchased. Additional family names, COLES, HAMMOND, HOUSE, MONTGOMERY.

John the 3rd (1750-1794), younger son of John Crane and Betty, tenant farmer and bailiff, married Nancy Upward ROSSITER (1751-1799). In 1782 and 1783, John Crane was one of those sworn in to adjudicate cases brought before the Court at Hammoon. The £500 inherited from his Uncle Samuel of Alton Pancras had dwindled. He was buried in wool in Child Okeford. Issue of John Crane and Nancy:- John, Elizabeth, Samuel and Mary.

John the 4th (1777-1829) a tenant farmer, married Mary HOOPER in 1801. She was the eldest daughter of William Hooper, originally a farmer at Moreton. Of their 9 children, Edward joined the Royal Marines and lived in Portsmouth. He married Elizabeth Jane EDMUNDS in 1842 was described in his army records as 5' 9", fair, brown hair and grey eyes. William attended Wimborne Grammar School before being apprenticed to Samuel CRUMPLER, wheelwright. Anna Maria (b.1816) married 1839 Robert EYERS (1817-1885) one time innkeeper of The Crown Hotel, Blandford. Family names associated with John & Mary's children:- BEAMS, BIDDLECOMBE, BUDDEN (USA), BRYANT, ERXLEBEN (USA), NORMAN, OLD, TRAVESS. William (1812-1890) converted to Wesleyan Methodism and helped build the new chapel at Lytchett, married Fanny RICKETTS on Christmas Day 1836, 6 children all born in Lytchett. Fanny died of consumption at the early age of 39 in 1855 and in 1859 William married Bessie FOOT (b. Donhead St. Andrew c.1822) at St George's Hanover Square, London, at which time William was living in Longfleet, Poole. Names associated with William & Fanny's children: FOREMAN, DYASON, HART. Two of William & Fanny's children followed their father's footsteps in becoming carpenters or wheelwrights. The elder Francis (b.1836) married a Leicestershire girl, Rebecca BARTRAM at Weymouth in 1864. In 1870 they settled in Leicester where they brought up 3 sons and a daughter. Names associated with Francis & Rebecca:

CRANE
FAM

LEE, DESBOROUGH, LOUGH, MELLOR, SHARDLOW (all Leicester). Younger son William George (1851-1939), as a journeyman wheelwright, travelled all over southern England. He married first – Emma Tribett DAVEY (b.1853 Exeter d.1877 Longfleet) and secondly, Martha MILLER (b.1849 Pembroke d.1927 Longfleet), the eldest daughter of a shipwright born at Wareham. Both William's marriages were celebrated at the Poole Wesleyan Chapel, where he was a lay preacher. For more than 35 years he was a town councillor, becoming sheriff of Poole in 1922. In 1880, with his brother-in-law, George Foreman, he set up a building business which became WG Crane & Son. Associate names: COX (Leicester) NUTLEY, CURTIS, BASSETT.

Samuel (1780-1859), son of John and Nancy. The life of Samuel was a hard one. He married at Poole his first wife Susannah LOCKE (1781-1817) of Poole. Samuel seems to have taken to the life of a shepherd. His children were born in various locales in the vicinity of Blandford, presumably wherever work was available. Samuel's first wife Susannah died in 1817 leaving him with 9 children. He remarried quickly, 6 months later 1817 at Shillingstone Ann MINCHINTON (1785-1820) who gave him 4 more children, and died in childbirth at (Tarrant) Crawford. His 3rd wife, Betty FUDGE, (1774-1852) was approaching 50 when she married Samuel, 1823 at Sturminster Newton. From 1840, Samuel was back in Child Okeford and close to poverty until his death in 1859. The issue of Samuel and his first two wives included Charles (bpt.1815) who married Susan ASHENDON. He served in the 5th Lancers 1835-59, in the East Indies, Crimea

and Turkey, was present at the Battles of Balaklava and Inkerman and the Siege of Sevastopol. His Army description at age 43 was 5'9", fair, sandy hair, hazel eyes. Eli (b.1817 Child Okeford d.1892, Yorks) married Margaret of Ireland. Served as a private with the 35th Royal Sussex regiment of Foot 1836-58. Discharged at Chatham. Additional names BELBEN, BOUCHER, PARSONS, beerkeeper of Blandford.

Eli's son Samuel (b.1843 Galway d.1910 East London), married 1863, Kent, Sarah A. COLE (nine issue), he also joined the 35th Royal Sussex Regiment, as drummer boy age 14 and described at that time 4'11", fair, red hair, brown eyes. In 1868 Samuel was awarded the Bronze Medal of the Royal Humane Society for saving the life of the son of a staff commander from drowning at Gun Wharf, Portsmouth. Samuel was a sergeant at Chatham, and after discharge a school board visitor. Additional names, AMOS, CURD, DENT, PHILLIPS, SMITH, WRIGHT.

Fanny 11th child of John and Betty, married 1775 at Child Okeford, Philip TAMSWELL, a wheelwright. They lived at Gold Hill and had six children, all born in Shaftesbury. John the 5th, a farm labourer, (1807- 1878) the 4th child of Samuel Crane and his first wife Susannah, married 1834 Child Okeford, Mary Ann Stone BELBEN age 32. In the year after his father died, John was appointed "to keep order during Divine Service at a salary of 30 shillings a year". It is thought he had his hands full with the younger element of the parish aloft in the gallery of the church, used by the Sunday school children. Issue of John and Mary Ann:



W G Crane, founder of the firm, Percy his son and Norman, elder son of Percy. Photo taken 1915 Longfleet.

Emmanuel (1836-1905), eldest child, married 1870 Louisa BURT (1847-1903). His early life working on the farms led on to a career with horses, at one time a coachman with the rector of Winterbourne Stickland. After Emmanuel's father died 1878, with his widowed mother, his wife and eldest 7 children, he was living in Bay Tree Cottage in 1881, as a groom. In appearance Emmanuel was known to have fair complexion, red hair and a red beard. He was a diabetic. Among their 10 children were Albert William (1871-1946), Bertram (1874-1903), a railway porter of Wincanton. Theodore who died of TB in 1894, her small wooden cross is in Child Okeford churchyard, Carolina who accidentally drowned in the River Stour in Child Okeford 1899 age 18, Edgar (1885-1947), train driver of Poole. James George (1888-1946), a gunner in the Royal Marines, was in France most of the time. He talked of Ypres and the Somme. He later worked at the South Western Pottery for about 20 years, where he was a founder union member. Eldest son Albert William (1871-1946), in 1891 a servant in the household of the Chief Constable of Dorset in Dorchester, married Jane HOBBY at Milford-on-Sea Christmas Eve 1904. A coachman for the renowned CORNWALLIS-WEST family at Newlands Manor, Milford-on-Sea, Hants; he was well built, medium height, very fair when young, ruddy complexion, good strong features, genial disposition and loving father, with a great love of horses. Additional names, ADLEM, CALLARD, FRAMPTON, HOBBS, SAUNDERS, WELCH.

Charles (1837-1903) younger son of John Crane and Mary Ann Stone Belben, married 1859 Child Okeford, Maria Upward COWARD (1838-1921). An agricultural labourer/carter, he and Maria had 12 issue, including: Samuel b.1870 Child Okeford, married Eliza BRITTAIN. A porter with the Somerset & Dorset Railway, he was killed in a shunting accident at Shillingstone Station where he was employed. James John b.1872 Child Okeford, married Annie A. WHIFFEN, employed by the Somerset and Dorset Railway as a guard at Bath, 2 daughters, and a son William

James who worked as a railway fireman, one of whose descendants, James William Donal Crane, b.1921 worked for the Metropolitan Police. He became Assistant Commissioner in charge of the fraud squad, promoted to H.M. Inspector of Constabulary and knighted. He had a crest designed, which basically features a crane and the scales of justice.

Albert Edward Crane b.1881 Child Okeford, married 1904 Ellen Elizabeth STEVENS at Bathwick, Somerset. A goods guard all his working life with the Somerset & Dorset Railway, and finally British Railways until he retired, he had exceptional fieldcrafts which he must have been taught as a young boy in the fields and woodlands around Child Okeford. 4 Issue. Associate names CORSAR of Pokesdown, GOODING, GOULD, GOUDGE, MARSHAL, WINScombe.

Mary Crane, 4th child of John and Nancy ROSSITER (1784-1859), married c.1803 Okeford schoolteacher James HARVEY (1779-1857). They had 11 children, including William (1808-1859) postman, married Laura Eliza PARSONS and it was their son William Harvey (1832-1901) who was the first of the Crane family to emigrate to Canada. At the age of 19 he worked as a groom at Hanford House, Child Okeford, married 1867 Emma DRAKE (1846-1916) and sailed from Liverpool twelve days later on the S.S. *Peruvian*. They had 5 daughters. William and Emma ran a small hotel called Lakeview House which was well known for its lavish dinners. William's sister Laura Ann Harvey (b.1837) married 1863 Thomas Coombs MATTHEWS, a carpenter of Bath, raising their family at Windlesham, Surrey.

Associate names of Mary Crane and James Harvey, AMES, CLARKE, DRAKE, DUNFORD, ELSWORTH, HATCHER, HUTCHING, KING, MATTHEWS, ROSSITER, SELDEN, THOMPSON, TIZZARD, TROWBRIDGE, TUFFIN.

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SURFING WITH MISS ALEX

This time I have been looking at CDs of books for sale on the Internet which may interest Somerset or Dorset researchers.

Notes & Queries for Somerset and Dorset volumes 1-6 are available for £57.58 the set or individual volumes at £12.93 including VAT. The series, in which people posed questions and other readers answered and their replies were published, started in 1888, and provided a service not unlike the internet does today. Each volume comprises 8 separate books, each book having up to 50 different topics.

Dorset 1861 census of the original enumerators books are available.

The Universal Directory of Great Britain 1791, five huge volumes comprising the earliest directory for Great Britain. The descriptions of the towns and villages are excellent (its says on my screen!) and includes names and addresses of people in those areas who have trades. Volume 1 covers London, 2-4 places England alphabetically, volume 5 the amendments published in the next few years. £34.94.

The Visitation of Dorset 1677. During the late 1800s and early 1900s the Harleian Society published a large series of transcripts of these documents which show the pedigrees of families, some dating back to Norman times. (Hutchings: History of Dorset may contain many of these-Ed.) £11.16

These were just a few of the offers I found at www.rodneep.co.uk/acatalog/Archive_CD

Alex Gallap, Poole e-mail; elms@leogmg.fsnet.co.uk

Do I Really Smell as Sweet?

HAVE you ever thought that the reason great uncle Nehemiah can't be traced in any census beyond the age of 11 might not be that he died a teenager, but that he just liked to be known by another name?

My aunt Nell was baptised Deborah, after the grandmother she never knew, grandad's mother having died when he was only eight. Aunt was known as Nell by her whole family – and Granny Parker had 18 children. Well, there wasn't much else to do in 19th Century Norfolk.

Aunt Nell had a younger brother baptised William Baden Powell PARKER. He, poor lad, clearly could not face the future and gave up the ghost after a month. I have been told of a John Garibaldi PURNELL in North Somerset, but he doesn't seem to be one of my lot. Of course there were some who liked their unusual name.

Great grandad's younger brother, who won his medal for his endeavours as sergeant-major abroad in the 1857 *Sarah Sands* troopship blaze, had been baptised in Chilcompton as John Raynes Lewis Purnell. But he enlisted in Bristol in the 54th Regiment as Lewis Purnell. And there's Demon Drink. How many dads wet the baby's head too enthusiastically on the way to the Register office?

On the Shepton Mallet Purnell side aunt Lill especially wanted her younger son to be registered as William. But the register recorded him as Charles Herbert. The degree of uncle's unaccustomed inebriety – he was after all a Methodist – can be gauged from the fact that one of his first names was Albert, not Herbert. Furious aunt Lill – always the stronger character – decreed that the boy should ever after be known as Bill, which he was until the day he died by everyone, including his wife. I don't

know how the 1940s Navy recorded him, and I shan't be around in 2032 to witness his first entrance on the census stage. And then there's the In Memoriam factor.

My father-in-law was always known as Lou, though registered as Herbert George. This seems to be as a result of his mother losing four out of eight and an elder son being named Oscar Lewis – Lewis after his Devonshire 2xgreat-grandfather, who had died aged two, seven years before. Poor Mrs CHAPPLE was to lose her eldest son too, torpedoed within 5 weeks of the opening of World War I. Also one must not overlook the torment of aspirant-dropping schoolboys.

Aunt Lill had married into a Wiltshire HASSALL family. Her elder son Jack, anxious to protect his children from future embarrassment, when they came along, changed his family name to HAZELL. Bill, an altogether sturdier proposition, sailed on. But what have I got to beef about?

Well, Mum in her late teens/early twenties worked as lady's maid to the teenaged daughter of a rather posh Grace & Favour family who named their child son Gaspard. Years later, married and hundred odd miles away, when I came along, yes, you've guessed it, I got named thus supplementary. Had I been a girl I might well have been Loelia. Whilst someone destined to be a lord might be able to weather it, you can imagine the effect on Harry, Bob, Johnnie and Frank at school (though we might have all read the Magnet, we didn't have an Indian princeling at BGS at the time).

And still they do it today. If I should ever have a great granddaughter, should I, in memory of mum, recommend that she not be named Posh?

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HENRY CRANE

OF

MILTON, MASS.,

1654,

AND SOME OF HIS DESCENDANTS.

COMPILED FOR

Mr. ALBERT CRANE, A.B., LL.B.

OF ROCK ACRE, STAMFORD, CONN.

BOSTON :

PRIVATELY PRINTED.

1898.

To the Hono: ⁶¹⁹ Gov: and Council now sitting
May 7th 1677 /

The Petition of Henry Brand

Humbly sheweth that yo^r Petition^r hathi shoo
Indians servants (viz) one man a woman and a
child which yo^r Petition^r was ordered by yo^r Hono^r
to be sold and send away: now by yo^r Hono^r man
taken aboard at Noddys Island for the space of one
month and yo^r Petition^r hath not had any
opportunity to dispose of them: since yo^r Hono^r
see Except he should have given them away
now yo^r Petition^r Humbly craves the favor
of yo^r Hono^r to grant him two months time
that so he may make his best advantage of them
whether he pay for yo^r Hono^r or

Henry Brand

HENRY CRANE OF DORCHESTER, MASS., AND SOME OF HIS DESCENDANTS.

Compiled by Miss EMILY WILDER LEAVITT, of Boston, Mass.

THE Braintree, Mass., Town Records of 1640, state that James Penniman, Thomas Matosan, Stephen Kinsley, Gregory Baxter, Samuel Crane and William Cheseborough were elected to administer town affairs. This is the first association in those records of the names of Kinsley and Crane, and here is all there is of Samuel Crane. Whence he came, whither he went, who can tell?

In 1654, Stephen Kinsley, who was at Mount Wollaston, Mass., in 1639, with his sons-in-law, Anthony Gulliver and Henry Crane, were settled on adjacent farms in that part of Dorchester which was, later, incorporated as Milton.

HENRY CRANE, who was born about 1621, probably in England, had married Tabitha, a daughter of Stephen Kinsley, and had purchased a farm of one hundred and twenty acres of land; with its house standing on the road which was, according to the selectmen's records of Dorchester, of 1. 7. 1654, "on a way laid out through Dorchester woods, from Braintree bounds to Roxbury bounds; beginning near Henrye Crane's house: the way to lie south west of it, on the old, beaten road way." This was the first road over Milton Hill and was laid out from Braintree, now Quincy. By this we learn that Henry Crane had been settled there for some time; but the date of his marriage and the birth of his first two children were not entered on the town books; the first that we find being the birth of his third child, John, in 1658.

In Massachusetts Archives, vol. 30, p. 239, there is an autograph letter of Henry Crane dated May 7, 1677. It is written in fine, clear, flowing lines, and both composition and spelling show that he must have received some scholarly training. It was a reply to an order from the General Court. "Henry Crane hath three Indian Servants, one man, one woman and one child, which you have ordered to be sent away. The man has been at Noddle's Island for one month; and your petitioner hath not had

any opportunity to dispose of them, unless he should give them away." Ho then pleads for two months' delay that he may make the best advantage of them.

Shortly after this the General Court summoned Henry Crane to show evidence why lands at "Blew Hills" should not be disposed of at its pleasure.

He was chiefly a husbandman; yet with a tendency to land speculation. In 1683, "Henry Crane, of Milton, bought land of Moses Payn, innholder, at the south end of Boston, which said Moses Payn bought of Henry Phillips, butcher, and was bounded, east by the highway to Roxbury, south by Thomas Smith's land, now Andrew Belcher's, northerly, by the land belonging to Theophilus Frary's heirs; together with the beach, and the flats to the seaward;" whilst his later years were much employed in giving and reducing mortgages on his possessions. He was one of the selectmen of Milton in 1679, 1680 and 1681, and was one of the trustees of the first meeting-house built in Milton.

His first wife, Tabitha (Kinsley) Crane, died shortly after 1681, and she married, second, about 1683, Elizabeth ———, who survived him; he died at Milton, March 21, 1709. His children were:

- i. BENJAMIN, b. about 1656; who, when but eighteen years old, enlisted in Captain Johnson's company, in King Philip's war, and was severely wounded in the battle of Narragansett Swamp, Dec. 19, 1675.
 - ii. STEPHEN, b. about 1657.
 - iii. HENRY, JR.
 - iv. JOHN, b. at Dorchester, 30. 11. 1658; m. Dec. 13, 1686, Hannah, dau. of James and Hannah Leonard; lived in Taunton, Mass.
 - v. ELIZABETH, b. Aug. 14, 1663; m. 1st in Milton, May 23, 1682, Eleazer Gilbert, of Taunton; he d. March 29, 1701; she m. 2d, April 27, 1705, George Townsend of Taunton.
 - vi. EDENEZER, b. Aug. 6 (10), 1665.
 - vii. MARY, b. Nov. 22, 1666; m. March 28, 1690, Samuel Hackett of Taunton.
 - viii. MERCY, b. Jan. 1, 1668.
 - ix. SAMUEL, b. June 8, 1669.
 - x. ANNA C. M., b. 1687; removed to Taunton.
2. ii. STEPHEN² CRANE (*Henry*¹), born about 1657; married 1st, July 2, 1676, Mary Denison, who was born 1660; died June 17, 1721; he married 2d, Aug. 13, 1723, Comfort, widow of Samuel Belcher, of Braintree, Mass.; he died July 20, 1738; "widow Comfort Crane died at Milton, Dec. 21, 1745. Children, all by 1st wife:
- i. MARY, b. July, 1680.
 - ii. TABITHA, b. Oct. 7, 1682; d. Nov. 13, 1682.
 - iii. ELIZABETH, b. March 14, 1684; m. Jan. 15, 1718, Samuel Fuller.

- iv. SAMUEL, b. May 23, 1687.
- v. ZERVIAH, b. Nov. 30, 1690.
- 4. vi. BENJAMIN, b. Dec. 17, 1692; m. Abigail Houghton.

3. EBENEZER² (*Henry*¹) CRANE, born Aug. 6, 1665; married Nov. 13, 1689, Mary, a daughter of Thomas, Jr., and Elizabeth (Johnson) Tolman and a grand-daughter of the Thomas Tolman, senior, who came from England in 1635, and was one of the first settlers of Dorchester; both her father and grandfather were prominent and influential citizens in Dorchester, where she was born Nov. 26, 1671.

Ebenezer Crane enlisted in the company which went with Sir William Phips's expedition to Quebec, August, 1690, under the command of Colonel John Withington; and he was one of the twenty-nine men who returned, out of the seventy-five sent by his native town. The Great and General Court granted, to all who enlisted in this war, shares in the northern part of Worcester County, Mass., which was then called "Dorchester Canada," now the town of Ashburnham. "There are many families by the name of Crane in that vicinity who claim descent from an unknown Ebenezer Crane,"* but he himself remained in that part of Braintree which was, later, incorporated as the town of Quincy, and all of his children were born there. These were:

- i. EBENEZER, b. Nov. 21, 1692; m. Nov. 9, 1716, Elizabeth Cook.
- ii. EZEKIEL, b. Nov. 28, 1694.
- iii. DANIEL, b. February, d. March, 1696.
- iv. TABITHA, b. Dec. 27, 1697.
- v. MARY, b. July 11, 1699; m. Robert Swan.
- vi. ELIZABETH, b. Jan. 17, 1702; m. Elisha Faxon.
- vii. LYDIA, b. April 2, 1703; m. Zachariah Alden of Boston.
- viii. EDWARD, b. Aug. 12, 1705.
- ix. HENRY, b. Feb. 29, 1708.
- 5. x. THOMAS, b. May 12, 1710.
- xi. BENJAMIN, b. Oct. 22, 1712; m. May 12, 1737, Anna Brackett.
- 6. xii. ADIJAH, b. Nov. 2, 1714; m. 1st, Sarah Field; 2d, Sarah Beverley.

4. BENJAMIN² CRANE (*Stephen*², *Henry*¹), born Dec. 17, 1692; married Dec. 27, 1722, Abigail Houghton. They had children:

- i. JOSEPH, b. Feb. 28, 1724.
- ii. MARY, b. Jan. 23, 1727.
- iii. BENJAMIN, b. June 4, 1728.
- iv. ABIGAIL, b. Aug. 16, 1729.
- v. AMARIAH, b. March 1, 1731.
- vi. SETH, b. July 22, 1732.

* From a monograph by Phineas M. Crane.

7. vii. STEPHEN, b. May 19, 1734.
viii. ABIJAH, b. Aug. 11, 1736; d. July 4, 1737.

5. THOMAS² CRANE (*Ebenezer*,² *Henry*¹), born in Braintree, Mass., May 12, 1710; married Jan. 13, 1732, Deborah, daughter of Nathaniel and Deborah (Parmenter) Owen; they were both admitted to the church at Braintree, August, 1732. They had children:

- i. EBENEZER, b. Nov. 12, 1732.
8. ii. THOMAS, b. Feb. 16, 1735.
9. iii. JOSEPH, b. Sept. 11, 1737.
- iv. ELISHA, b. Sept. 21, 1740.
- v. DOROTHY, b. March 6, 1743.

6. ABIJAH³ CRANE (*Ebenezer*,² *Henry*¹), born Nov. 2, 1714; married 1st, March 3 (or May 4), 1738, Sarah Field, who died Sept. 3, 1742; he married 2d, Jan 7, 1743, Sarah Beverley. They had children:

- i. WILLIAM, bapt. at Braintree, May 27, 1737.
- ii. SARAH, bapt. at Braintree, May 27, 1737.
- iii. ABIJAH, JR., b. —
10. iv. JOHN, b. Dec. 7, 1744.
- v. MIRIAM, bapt. Jan. 19, 1750.

7. STEPHEN⁴ CRANE (*Benjamin*,³ *Stephen*,² *Henry*¹), born in Braintree, May 19, 1734, removed to Canton, Mass., where he built a house on the shores of Punkapong Brook, near its junction with the Neponset river. A short distance below his house, a paper mill had been built in 1730, by a company, one of whom was Daniel Henshman, book-seller and publisher of Boston, which was run for a few years but could not be sustained. "In 1760 the business was again revived by James Boies of Boston, who procured a paper maker from a British regiment then stationed in Boston, by the name of Hazelton, who obtained a furlough long enough to set the mill to work."* This was carried on in rather a small way until the revolt of the colonies threw them on their own resources in this as well as in so many other manufactures.

As business increased many more workmen were called in, amongst whom were two sons of Stephen Crane. Stephen junior and Zenas. After the former became skilled in the work, he went to Newton Lower Falls where he built and managed a paper mill of his own.

Stephen Crane married, Nov. 13, 1762, Susannah, daughter of Nathaniel⁶ and Susannah (Tucker) Badcock, who was born at Milton, Feb. 7, 1742. They had children:

* REGISTER, 1875, page 158.

- I. LUTHER, b. March 10, 1764; m. May, 1806, Jane Morton; d. Oct. 16, 1813.
- II. STEPHEN, Junior, b. Jan. 2, 1766; m. Elizabeth Gardner of Brighton, Mass.; d. 1802.
- III. PHILEMON, b. Jan. 7, 1769; d. Feb. 12, 1769.
- IV. SUSANNAH, b. June 7, 1770.
- V. NATHAN, b. May 15, 1774; m. Oct. 19, 1806, Avis Harrington of Watertown, Mass., who d. March 16, 1813; he m. 2d, Dec. 25, 1813, Susan Hastings of Waltham, Mass., who was born Oct. 18, 1787; d. July 25, 1862; he d. Sept. 21, 1826.
- VI. ZENAS, b. May 9, 1777.

8. THOMAS⁴ CRANE (*Thomas*,³ *Ebenezer*,² *Henry*¹), born at Braintree, Feb. 16, 1735, early removed to Boston, where he first engaged in trucking, then as a wharfinger. In 1772, he with his wife Ann sell a brick house that stood next the Green Dragon; in 1783, he owned a house on Essex Street; in 1784 Ebenezer Woodward, whom he calls his brother-in-law, deeded a certain portion of a wharf which Ebenezer Woodward had purchased of Leonard Vassall Borland, under the name of Borland's wharf, to Thomas Crane, which was from that time called Crane and Woodward's wharf. Here the two pursued their several avocations, Mr. Woodward as cooper and merchant, and Thomas Crane as wharfinger, with joint partnership in a salt wharf adjoining which they held in common. Just before his decease, Ebenezer Woodward gave a deed of the whole to Thomas Crane. Later this wharf was known as Central Wharf.

Thomas Crane married Ann, probably a daughter of Richard and Ann Pattishall. Richard Pattishall took his degree at Harvard, of B. A. 1735; M. A. 1738; preached occasionally and was also a teacher of a private school in the north part of Boston, "on Hanover Street three houses below the Orange tree, in Mr. Bradford's house."* His father, Robert Pattishall, a wealthy merchant of the city, bought four thousand acres of land above Saco river falls from Major William Phillips, 16. 1. 1667.† His brother, Richard Pattishall, had removed to Pemaquid, Maine, and owned a sloop which plied between that point and Boston. This sloop, as it lay near the bar-bican, in 1689, was that used to convey the trembling fugitives from Pemaquid Fort, after the massacre by the savages, to Boston, although Richard Pattishall himself was slain.

In his will drawn Feb. 8, 1791, probated Sept. 12, 1791, Thomas Crane mentions his wife Ann, his brother Joseph Crane, cordwainer, of Braintree, and his mother-in-law Mrs. Ann Patteshall, but no children.

* REGISTER, 1847, page 644.

† York Deeds, Book II., page 172.

Dec. 2, 1803, Hannah, widow of Thomas Crane, who had married William McKean, gives a lease of "Woodward's now Central Wharf, with store, warehouses, etc."*

9. JOSEPH⁴ CRANE (*Thomas*,³ *Ebenezer*,² *Henry*¹), baptized at Braintree, Sept. 11, 1737, a cordwainer by trade, resided at Braintree, part of the time occupying the same house with Benjamin Savil. Although he had a family of seven children at the outbreak of the Revolutionary war, he seems to have been keenly alive to the demands of the times, as he served in Capt. Silas Weld's company in Col. William Heath's regiment, April 28, 1775 (Rev. Rolls, v. 56, r. 246); was appointed Sergeant in Capt. Silas Weld's company, Col. Edmund Phinney's Battalion, and was reported as sick in Barracks at Fort George, Dec. 8, 1776 (Rev. Roll, v. 46, r. 6); marched under Capt. Aaron Smith, in Col. Benjamin Gill's regiment, August 15, 1776, to reinforce the Northern Army, and served until Nov. 29, 1777 (Rev. Roll, v. 23, r. 80); engaged Dec. 20, 1777, in Capt. Thomas Nash's company, Major Edward Proctor's detachment, for guard in Mass., and was at Fort Hill, in Boston; served 2 months, 10 days (Rev. Rolls, v. 21, r. 172); engaged under Capt. Ebenezer Everett, in Col. McIntoshe's regiment, in the expedition to Rhode Island, Aug. 1, and was discharged Sept. 14, 1778 (Muster Rolls, vi., r. 206); served at Cambridge from April 2 to July 3, 1778, under Capt. Benjamin Lapham, in Col. Jonathan Reed's regiment (Muster Roll, v. 20, r. 193); enlisted October 6, 1778, marched 12 miles from home, served 2 months, 27 days, under Capt. Abel Richards, in Capt. Jonathan Cogswell's regiment (Muster Rolls, v. 22, r. 156). At this time his son Joseph Crane, junior, was old enough to serve, and by one of these two, on July 22, 1780, service was given under Capt. Thomas Newcomb, in Col. Eben Thayer's regiment, raised for 3 months, to reinforce the Continental Army, part of the levies stationed at West Point, part at Rhode Island, the service terminating Oct. 10, 1780 (Muster Rolls, v. 21, r. 165); and again a Joseph Crane served in the Forty Days Expedition to Rhode Island, under Capt. John Armstrong, in Col. Gill's regiment, for 27 days, in 1781 (Muster Rolls, v. 17, r. 29). He married, Dec. 20, 1757, Mary, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Blanchard) Savil, who was born Nov. 24, 1739, died Aug. 1, 1809; he died 1810. They had children:

1. JOSEPH, Junior, b. Aug. 1760; m. Sept. 8, 1782, Ruth Wales of Dorchester.

* Suffolk Deeds, vol. 207, folio 168.

- ii. LEMUEL, b. 1762.
 - iii. MARY, b. Feb. 19, 1764; m. Sept. 21, 1800, Byron O'Neal.
 - iv. EBENEZER, b. Feb. 23, 1766; m. July 26, 1792, Ruth Ludden; he d. Oct. 1, 1836.
 - v. HANNAH, b. March 27, 1768; m. July 25, 1791, Peter Keating of Boston; d. June 14, 1830.
 - 12. vi. THOMAS, b. May, 1770.
 - vii. ELISHA THAYER, b. July, 1773-4; m. Oct. 28, 1797, Rebecca French; d. Sept. 6, 1853.
10. JOHN⁴ CRANE (*Abijah*,³ *Ebenezer*,² *Henry*¹), born at Braintree, Dec. 7, 1744, when only fifteen years old volunteered to serve in the army as a substitute for his father, who had been drafted but was in delicate health.

On his return, John, with his elder brother, Abijah Crane, junior, learned the housewright's trade, and together they bought, in 1767, of Andrew Belcher, a house, land and a shop in Boston, on Nassau Street, now Tremont, near Dr. Byles's meeting-house, and butted by land of Deacon John Eliot, John Withington, and directly opposite what is now Hollis Street, where Joseph Lovering's tallow chandlery stood. Further down Tremont Street, on the part then called Long Acre, near the old Province House, Adino Paddock, a London coach maker, owned a large estate. He had some young elms brought from the Robbins farm at Brush Hill in Milton, by John Crane and Gilbert Deblois, and they set them out opposite Major Paddock's place before the South or "Granary" Burying Ground. Paddock was then a captain of a train of artillery composed of mechanics, in 1774, and in that John Crane received his military training.

Both John and his brother Abijah were hot patriots, and it was at their shop that some seventeen men under disguise of Indians, late in the afternoon of Dec. 16, 1773, started for Griffin's (now Liverpool) wharf, where three Indiamen, laden with tea, were anchored. As they went through the narrow, crooked streets, a crowd of men and boys swelled their number to about seventy.

When aboard ships, as John Crane was down in a hold flinging out the tea chests, one of them fell upon him and he was picked up senseless, to all appearance dead. Some of the men carried him ashore and hid him under a heap of shavings in a carpenter's shop near by.

After the passage of the Boston Port Bill, John Crane, finding it hard to support his family in the stagnation of trade that ensued, removed with his partner Ebenezer Stevens, to Providence, R. I.

Soon after, the news of the fight at Bunker Hill roused them; they immediately raised two companies of artillery, marched to Roxbury and joined Colonel Gridley's regiment; when Crane was appointed major and Stevens captain in the Rhode Island Train Band.

From this time until the close of the war, Major Crane was in constant service. July 8, 1775, he, with Major Tupper and a company of volunteers, attacked a British advanced guard on Boston neck and routed them. He commanded a breast-work on the neck during the siege of Boston; January 1, 1776, he received a commission as major in Knox's regiment of artillery, and went with the army to New York. Sept. 14, 1776, a part of one of his feet was shot off whilst he was cannonading a British frigate that was running by Corlaier's Hook, and was thus disabled for a time. Jan. 1, 1777, he received a colonel's rank and raised a regiment in Massachusetts "which was officered chiefly by those who had been trained under Paddock, Gridley and Knox, which was principally employed in the main army near the person of the commander-in-chief and was relied on as an essential auxiliary in the most important battles. No military organization in the army participated in so many eventful scenes or won more laurels; portions of it were with Sullivan in the Rhode Island campaign; with Gates at Saratoga and in the heroic defence of Red Bank on the Delaware; he was brevetted brigadier general, Sept. 30, 1783."* He was a member of the Cincinnati.

After the war was ended, Colonel John Crane formed a partnership with Major Lemuel Trescott and removed to Maine, where they engaged in the lumber trade on Passamaquoddy Bay.

John Crane married, 1767, Melitable, daughter of Samuel Wheeler, who was born 1746; he died at Whiting, Maine, Aug. 26, 1805. They had children:

- i. JOHN, Junior, b. 1768.
- ii. ALICE, b. 1770.
- iii. MELITABLE, b. 1771.
- iv. ABRAHAM.
- v. ISAAC.
- vi. CHARLOTTE, b. 1782.

11. ZENAS⁵ CRANE (*Stephen*,⁴ *Benjamin*,³ *Stephen*,² *Henry*¹), born May 9, 1777; living so near the mill, where much of the activity of the town centered, must have passed many of his boyish days in wandering about its yard and watching the different parts of the work, and

* Massachusetts Society of the Cincinnati, p. 151.

thus gained knowledge which prepared him to enter his brother's mill at Newton; thence he went to a mill in Worcester, Mass., which was under the control of a very exact and efficient manager, General Burbank.

Having perfected himself in the work and its principles, and studied its needs, in the summer of 1799, he, being in a position to establish himself independently, left Worcester, and searched for a fitting site for his project to build a mill for himself. Crossing the Hoosac mountains, he reached the "waters of the upper Housatonic river and its branches. Here he passed his first night in Berkshire; sleeping at a small, wayside inn near the border line between Dalton and Pittsfield.

"He had reached a region of superb natural beauty * * * * * In the town of Dalton, near the centre of the famous Berkshire hills, lies a sheltered valley through which flows the largest of the eastern branches of the Housatonic, affording in its rapid descent several fine water powers."*

Here, Dec. 5, 1801, a deed conveyed to Henry Wiswall, Zenas Crane and Daniel Gilbert over fourteen acres of land with a paper mill, in which, up to this time, there had been a daily production of one hundred and twenty-five sheets of paper, and which became known as the "Old Berkshire Mill." Here the partners worked together until 1807, when Zenas Crane sold his share and tried a venture in mercantile life; but, in 1810, he resumed the paper making interest, first as superintendent and chief manager of a firm of four partners, of which he was one; then, in 1820, buying out the others and taking sole control.

Hampered by the strong prejudice for foreign products, he toiled steadily on, overcoming many obstacles, studying the improvement and perfection of his processes until 1842, in which year he transferred his interests to his sons, Zenas Marshall and James Brewer, who, favored by conditions and circumstances, held the "Old Red Mill," as it was termed, until it was burned in 1870, when they built a finer and larger mill of stone, and became the bank-note paper makers of the United States; their specialty being the making of paper for government purposes, bonds, certificates, treasury notes and bank bills.

"In 1846, Zenas Marshall Crane was much inclined to inventing methods of improving and raising the art It occurred to him at that time that the introduction into the fibre of silk threads repre-

* Pioneer Paper Making in Massachusetts. By J. E. A. Smith, pp. 15, 16.

senting the denomination of bills by their number would prevent counterfeiting Conservative men discouraged Mr. Crane, so that he did not apply for a patent Nearly twenty years after practical men at the head of financial affairs of the nation deemed it expedient to adopt essentially the plan devised by Mr. Crane An Englishman appeared at Washington with a claim as patentee.* But Mr. Crane's claim was fully established by some of the home banks which had retained copies of their trial of his design.

Zenas Crane married Nov. 30, 1809, Lucinda, daughter of Gaius and Lucretia (Babcock) Brewer, of Wilbraham, Mass., who died May 2, 1872, aged 84 years; he died June 20, 1845. They had children:

- i. LUCINDA, b. March 19, 1819.
- ii. ZENAS MARSHALL, b. Jan. 21, 1815; m. 1st, Aug. 29, 1839, Caroline E. Lullin, of Lee, Mass., who was b. May 31, 1818, d. Jan. 16, 1849; he m. 2d, April 2, 1850, her sister, Louise E. Lullin, who was b. July 1, 1830. They had children:
 1. Zenas, b. Dec. 6, 1840, m. June 17, 1873, Ellen J. Kittredge, of Hinsdale, Mass., and had children: (1) Francis K., b. April 20, 1875; (2) Zenas Marshall, b. March 5, 1878; (3) Winthrop, b. Oct. 6, 1879, d.; (4) Charles K., b. Aug. 28, 1881; (5) Douglas, b. May 13, 1883; (6) Lawrence L., b. Nov. 10, 1889, d.
 2. Kate F., b. Oct. 17, 1843.
 3. Caroline L., b. April 26, 1851.
 4. Winthrop Murray, b. April 23, 1853; m. Feb. 5, 1880, Mary Benner, of Astoria, L. I., who d. Feb. 16, 1884, leaving one child, Winthrop Murray Crane, Jr., b. Sept. 12, 1881.
 5. Clara L., b. March 13, 1886.
- iii. JAMES B., b. April 31, 1817.
- iv. LINDLEY MURRAY, b. March 17, 1822.
- v. SEYMOUR, b. Sept. 16, 1826.

Mr. James Brewer Crane bequeathed \$20,000 to the town of Dalton. Mr. Zenas Crane and Mr. W. Murray Crane added an equal sum to this, and caused to be built a Town Hall of blue granite, pressed brick and Longmeadow brownstone, which contains, besides town offices, a museum, a spacious library, to which the Crane family gave "the entire collection of books now in the Crane library, to be catalogued and used by the free public Library,"† and a beautiful upper hall fitted with stage scenery and accoutrements, while in the basement is a large hall for public purposes.

* Pioneer Paper Making, pp. 42, 43.

† Pittsfield Paper, Feb. 9, 1893.

12. THOMAS⁵ CRANE (*Joseph,⁴ Thomas,³ Ebenezer,² Henry¹*) was born at Braintree, Mass., May, 1770. Shortly after his marriage he removed to George's Island in Boston Harbor; an island bought, as valuable for its timber and grazing lands, by James Pemberton, as early as 1632. Its second owner was Samuel Greenleaf, whose daughter Hannah inherited it, and sold it to Elisha Leavitt of Hingham, Mass., in 1765; from him it passed to Caleb Rice, its owner when Thomas Crane took his abode there. On the sea side is a high bluff which was protected by a fine wall before Fort Warren was built upon it. Here Mr. Crane lived with his little family, but, in 1810, bought a farm near his boyhood home on Quincy Point in "Old Fields," lying by Fore river and a stream still known as Crane's Brook.

Like many another New England farm of the period, it was self centered; the house standing aloof from the main travelled road, here a half a mile distant, but lying so in the heart of its acres that the thrifty farmer was in the midst of his fields and woods, and thus saved much wear and tear of body and machinery. Thus advantaged Mr. Crane became a prosperous, successful man; but died before he had completed fifty years of life.

Thomas Crane married Nov. 6, 1796, Sarah, daughter of Daniel and Prudence (Spear) Baxter, who was born at Braintree, 1771, died Aug. 19, 1824; he died Sept. 25, 1818. They had children:

- i. MARY, b. Oct. 20, 1798; m. Sept. 28, 1818, James Sherburne, Jr., of Quincy, who was b. April 19, 1797, d. Aug. 14, 1831; she d. May 15, 1859.
- ii. JOSEPH, b. Feb. 24, 1801; m. July 2, 1826, Parnelia (Young) Adams, widow of Charles Adams of Quincy, who was b. May 28, 1798; he d. at Bowling Green, Ky., Sept. 21, 1863.
- iii. THOMAS, JR., b. Oct. 18, 1803.
- iv. SARAH, b. March 12, 1806; d. Aug. 2, 1843.
- v. ELIZABETH P., b. June 4, 1808; d. Aug. 28, 1836.
- vi. CAROLINE BAXTER, b. Dec. 23, 1811; m. Jan. 8, 1833, Bryant B., son of James and Lucy (Baxter) Newcomb, who was b. March 11, 1810, d. May 12, 1857; she is still living at Quincy.

13. THOMAS⁶ CRANE (*Thomas,⁵ Joseph,⁴ Thomas,³ Ebenezer,² Henry¹*), born on George's Island, Oct. 18, 1803, well nurtured by the happy, healthful life at the Island and at Quincy Point, was a sturdy, well developed, resolute lad of fifteen years when his father's death changed the course of the family living. The "district school" had been four miles away from his home; its advantages were but limited. He supplemented the lessons of its "cyphering school" with ideas of his own, and invented for himself a book of problems which is

held by his family; its pages lined with exactness and filled with carefully developed examples.

A change from the active, vigorous, open air life of a farmer's son to any indoor occupation could but be trying to him, and, naturally enough, he, a Quincy boy, saw his road to future fortune lying through the granite quarries, he directly began its foundation by learning the stone cutter's trade. But while his hands were thus busied, his mind was striving and searching. Of a deeply religious nature, he wrought out for himself a system of theology which could find its best exposition in the liberal thought of the Universalist creed.

The nearest place where he could hear the discourses that were in sympathy with his conception was the church on School Street, Boston, where Rev. Hosea Ballou weekly stirred his adherents with his hearty, lively enunciation of his human precepts. This church was some nine miles distant, and there was no public conveyance between the two towns at that early period. This did not deter Thomas Crane. Each Sabbath he quietly walked these nine miles; then, when the day was ended, had this long distance to cover before he could return to his weekly labors. Small wonder that such a youth should soon find his village home too narrow for his tireless energies. That was quickly outgrown, and an occasion offering, he removed to New York city in 1829, where he immediately began work on stone.

He soon joined an association of his craftsmen, and together they bought a stone-yard. His talents speedily carried him beyond his associates who could not appreciate his advanced ideas, and they made the whole yard over to him, as sole proprietor. As he became known in his profession, large contracts were given to him. He furnished the granite for the 42d Street Distributing Reservoir, the New York Custom House, St. John's Freight Depot, and the Grand Central Depot. This not only interested him in public constructions, but made him familiar with the city. He studied it attentively, and bought lands where he foresaw its spread. This followed as he divined, and his capital increased rapidly; with it his power of development.

But his own advancement was only one motor. The public well-being was his interest too. He became an active and efficient member of the Universalist Church to which Horace Greeley belonged, and Mr. Crane's sympathy with his advanced opinions and outspoken convictions led to a firm friendship between these two

strong men. At that time an anti-slavery man was not caressed by society, but Mr. Crane sturdily stated his fullest acceptance of the principles of that party and labored with it resolutely and unflinchingly.

When the Universalists agitated the subject of establishing a college for their own special tenets, he favored the project and gave substantial aid in founding Tufts College at Medford, Mass., accepting the office of Trustee, in which duty he spent much time, thought and money all the rest of his life.

As his clear judgment, sagacity, practical skill, shrewdness and mental strength became known to his fellow citizens, he was sought for in various councils. He was elected in Banks, Street Railways and Insurance Companies, and was an important man in financial circles.

He ever kept a warm interest in his Quincy home, and although he developed a beautiful summer residence at Stamford, Ct., still he was fond of returning to the seashore where his healthful, happy boyhood was spent. In sympathy with this sentiment and in unison with his regard for the highest interests of his fellow-beings, after his decease, his widow and two sons, Benjamin F. and Albert, gave to the town a beautiful library, known as the Crane Memorial Hall. There on the main street it stands, one of Richardson's finest designs, with its smooth, grassed approach, "in itself an education in art," as Mr. Charles Francis Adams so aptly said in his address at its dedication. A beautiful building, with spacious, sunny rooms, illuminated by windows in which are some choice specimens of La Farge's works, where the books are fitly placed that are to be freely used by all who choose to call for them. A most fitting memory of the man who so highly employed all the advantages the homely village afforded his own youth, that the "pot hooks and trammels" of his early teachers became a graceful, flowing, bold writing of his own, and the "simple rule of three" advanced him to the mastery of higher mathematics applied to religious living.

Thomas Crane married 1st, in New York city, in 1832, Sarah S. Munn of Gill (now Greenfield), Mass., who lived but little more than a twelve-month; he married 2d, in Boston, Mass., Nov. 23, 1836, Clarissa Lawrence Starkey, who was born in Troy, N. H., March 3, 1813; he died in New York city, April 1, 1875. They had children:

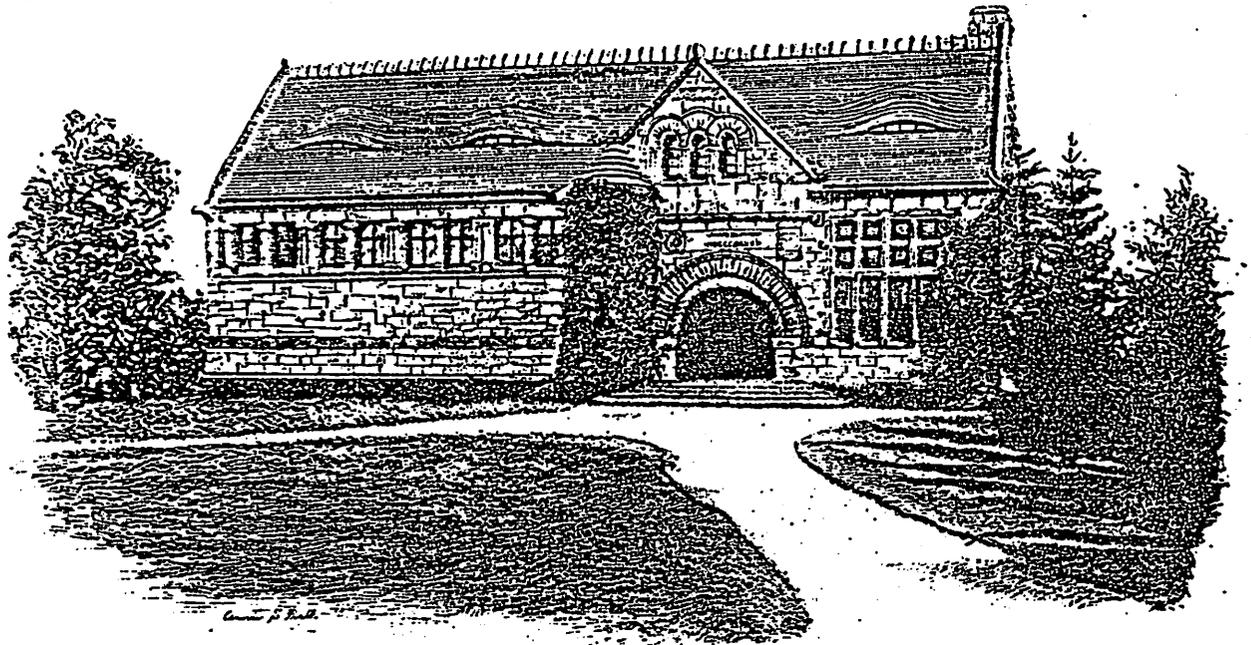
- i. THOMAS, b. Aug. 21, 1837; d. Jan. 26, 1875.
- ii. BENJAMIN F., b. Feb. 14, 1841; d. Oct. 12, 1889.

- 14. iii. ALBERT, b. Dec. 30, 1842.
- iv. FRANCES ADELAIDE, b. May 2, 1846; d. Feb. 11, 1849.
- v. SOPHIA ANGELA, b. Nov. 1, 1847; d. Aug. 18, 1852.
- vi. HENRY CLAY, b. April 22, 1850; d. Dec. 30, 1869.
- vii. IDA AUGUSTA, b. July 2, 1852; d. Aug. 21, 1853.
- viii. ELLA FLORENCE, b. Jan. 14, 1856; d. July 26, 1857.

14. ALBERT⁷ CRANE (*Thomas,⁶ Thomas,⁵ Joseph,⁴ Thomas,³ Ebenezer,² Henry¹*), of Rock Acre, Stamford, Fairfield County, Conn., born in New York city, Dec. 30, 1842, was graduated at Tufts College, Medford, Mass., with the degree of A.B. in the Class of 1863; at the Law School of Columbia College, New York city, with the degree of LL.B., and admitted to the New York Bar in 1866.

He married Jan. 24, 1884, Ellen Mansfield, daughter of Col. Mansfield and Martha M. (Brooks) Davics, of Fishkill-on-Hudson, N. Y. Mrs. Crane died Jan. 5, 1893, leaving no children.

Mr. Crane is a life member of the New York Historical Society, life member of the New York Oratorio Society and of the New-England Society in New York, lately a director of the New York Symphony Society, and resident member of the New-England Historic Genealogical Society of Boston, Mass.; and this contribution to a history of the Crane Family has been prepared by his direction and under his personal supervision.



Cranz Memorial Hall
Quincy, Mass

ANCESTRAL LINES

OF

THOMAS CRANE,

OF ROCK ACRE, STAMFORD, CONN.



Thos Crane

ANCESTRAL LINES OF THOMAS CRANE.

THE individual is but the union of forces, physical and mental, and such myriad influences combine in his structure that the fiercest advocates of heredity must doubt when he gathers the threads of generations into the bundle that bears but one of the names of the many progenitors. Who dares say how much of Thomas Crane was simple personality, how much transmission, as he reviews the lines that concentrated in his being?

First came Elder Stephen Kinsley, one of the earliest and largest landholders of Braintree, the first elected ruling elder in the church, October 13, 1653, and one of the most prominent men. He gave his daughter, Tabitha Kinsley, to the younger settler, Henry Crane, whose farm adjoined his own, and thus the foundation of the family was laid. Her mother's name we have not, nor the time when the ceremony was performed that united the young pair.

Next stands Thomas Tolman, said to have come in the ship Mary and John, who arrived in this country about the year 1630. On his settlement in New England he bought a whole district, his land extending from the seaside to Dedham line, and including what are now the towns of Canton, Stoughton and Sharon.

When his son Thomas Tolman, junior, was arrived at adult years he gave him land and built a house on Tolman's Lane, now Ashmont street, Dorchester, Mass., about 1695, which land was always owned by descendants. Thomas Tolman, senior, died June 8, 1690, in his 82d year. (Tolman Genealogy in the N. E. Hist. Gen. Register, 1860, p. 247.) By his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Johnson of Lynn, Mass., Thomas Tolman had a daughter Mary, born 26, 9, 1671, who married December 13, 1687, Henry Crane's son Ebenezer.

Unto Ebenezer and Mary (Tolman) Crane, there was born a son Thomas who married January 13, 1731, Deborah Owen, born in Braintree May 9, 1715, a daughter of Nathaniel Owen who had married in April, 1714, Deborah, daughter of Joseph and Mary Parmenter of Braintree. Nathaniel Owen died November 12, 1728, and we establish his place in the Owen line by the settlement of his estate, February 12, 1730, by his brothers Benjamin and Joseph Owen. His widow, Deborah Owen, died December 23, 1728.

His death was closely followed by that of his father Nathaniel Owen, senior, while his mother, Mary Owen, died February 14, 1732-3. The father's will was drawn April 20, 1733; in it he gave his son Joseph twenty acres of land of his own homestead and "my part of the house," etc., on condition that Joseph pays the charges "of my wife's funeral, lately deceased" and the doctor's bills.

To his son Benjamin Owen, he bequeathed fifteen acres of land on the west side of Furnace Brook, which were bounded in part by Samuel Savel's land, and a legacy is given to the "children of my son Nathaniel Owen, deceased." (Suffolk County, Mass., Probate, file 5678.)

On the printed Braintree records we find "A son to William Owen, born 6. 1. 1667," and this was seemingly the date of the birth of the elder Nathaniel Owen, the fourth child of the William Owen who was the first of that surname of whom we have any knowledge. William Owen was elected freeman 1657, married 29, 7, 1650, Elizabeth Davics, and died January 17, 1702, one of the sterling yeomen of the town.

The next ancestor, William Saville as the name was oftener spelled at first, which spelling follows that of the prominent Saville family of England and thereby suggests its origin, in company with Deacon Samuel Bass, Edmund Quinsey, Gregory Bolcher and Joseph Crosby, on January 15, 1665, bought of the four daughters and co-heirs of Captain William Tyng the whole of Salter Farm lying in Braintree (Suffolk Deeds, Vol. V., l. 229).

At some unknown period, William Saville had taken unto himself, either in England or Braintree, a wife whose given name was Hannah. She may have been a sister of Deacon Samuel Bass, since, in his will, William Saville terms him "my brother Bass." Their eldest child recorded on the town book was Samuel, born 30, 8, 1643. This is followed by the births of Benjamin, Hannah, William. Mrs. Hannah Saville died 14, 4, 1650, and Deacon Saville married as a second wife the widow of Thomas Gaunett of Duxbury, whose maiden name was Sarah Jarmill. In his will drawn February 8, 1668, Deacon Saville mentions his wife Sarah, his brother Samuel Bass, and his children John, Samuel, Benjamin, William, Hannah and Sarah. He died 2, 6, 1669, and his widow married for her third husband, September 5, 1670, Thomas Faxon, whilst his youngest son William Saville married Deborah Faxon, which mixture of family relation and names brought much difficulty in the disentanglement of the line.

His son Samuel Saville, whose name stands second in his will, and thus makes it probable that John was the eldest child, married April 10, 1672, Hannah Adams, born in Braintree November 13, 1652; a daughter of Joseph Adams who was born about 1626, and is called the eighth son of that Henry Adams whose flight from the dragon in England and descent into Braintree

with his eight sons is duly chiselled on the tall granite column which looms greyly in the dim and mossy church-yard of the venerable town of Quincy, Mass.

By his wife Abigail, daughter of Gregory and Margaret (Paddy) Baxter, who was born in Roxbury, Mass., September, 1634, and married in Braintree November 29, 1650, he became the progenitor of the line of illustrious men by whose talents and life-long services the country was steered through the perilous times of the Revolution, and guided in the difficulties and dangers that followed. Joseph Adams died December 6, 1694, aged about 68 years; his wife, Abigail (Baxter) Adams, died August 27, 1692, aged 58 years.

Samuel, son of Samuel and Hannah (Adams) Saville, born about 1683, married April 25, 1707, Mary French, born March 30, 1684, a granddaughter of John French, who was born in England about the year 1612. As early as 1646 he had a grant of forty acres of land from the town of Boston at Braintree for his family of five persons. His first wife, Grace, was the mother of his children. She died February 8, 1680, aged 59 years. He married, 2d, July 8, 1683, Eleanor, widow of William Veazie; he died August 6, 1692.

Their son Dependence French, born March 7, 1648-9, married about 1683, Mary Marsh, born February 21, 1659, a daughter of Lieutenant Alexander Marsh, a yeoman of Braintree, who was made freeman May 3, 1654, married 1st, December 19, 1655, Mary, daughter of Gregory and Catherine Belcher (Genealogy of the Marsh Family, pp. 1-2). With his father-in-law, Lieut. Marsh, bought in 1670, of Thomas Savage, the Braintree Iron Works with two hundred acres of land; "but he did not keep it long." (Vinton Memorial, p. 298.) In his will he mentions his wife "Bathshua" and his son-in-law Dependence French. The latter died October 12, 1732.

The estate of Samuel Savel (which form of spelling was last used) was administered May 29, 1761 (Suffolk Probate, file 2713) by his brother, Elisha Savel; in it mention was made of his widow Ann (but another form of writing Hannah) and legacies were paid to Benjamin Savel and Joseph Crain. Benjamin, son of Samuel and Mary (French) Savel, was born June 8, 1711, married January 17, 1738, Mary Blanchard. Their daughter Molly married September 28, 1759, Joseph Crano.

There was a double descent from Gregory Baxter, who is thought to have come in Winthrop's fleet in 1632. He was a member of Rev. John Eliot's First church in Roxbury, Mass., on whose books the name was written "Gregorie." He married Margaret, sister of Deacon William Paddy, the first treasurer of Plymouth, Mass.; he removed to Braintree in 1640 and

settled at Ruggle's Point, now in the town of Quincy. In 1643, "Goodman Backster" was empowered by the selectmen of Boston to buy the overplus in the Three Hill meadow. He was contemporary with Rev. Richard Baxter, and by some affirmed to have been a connection. (Baxter Genealogy, p. 8). He was prominent and influential in the town and church affairs at Braintree, where he died 21, 4, 1659; his wife, Margaret (Paddy) Baxter, died February 13, 1662. His will was drawn June 2, 1659; in it he mentions his present wife; appoints his son John Baxter executor; mentions his son Joseph Adams "and my daughter his wife;" his son Deering. (Suffolk County Probate, Book 1, f. 345, 323.)

John Baxter, born in Roxbury, Mass., December 1, 1639, was a farmer, "noted for his high moral character." (Baxter Genealogy, p. 10.) He interested himself largely in the military affairs of Braintree, and was elected lieutenant, "an officer of high distinction at that time." (*Ibid.* p. 10.) He lived to be eighty years old and died April 20, 1729, having married June 24, 1659, Hannah, daughter of Thomas White of Wemouth, Mass., who is reported to have been of the same line with Rev. John White of Dorchester, England, one of the compilers of the Assembly Catechism.

Their son, John Baxter junior, born February 14, 1667, married January 24, 1693, Huldah, daughter of Jonathan and Sarah (Thayer?) Hayward, who was born in Braintree, 23, 3, 1672; John Baxter died March 21, 1747.

Their son, John Baxter third, born January 10, 1698, married March 12, 1728, Mehitable Willard, whose illustrious ancestor, Major Simon Willard, of Horsemonden, County Kent, England, married for his first wife Mary, daughter of Henry and Sarah (Field) Sharpe of Horsemonden. They embarked for New England April, 1634, in company with his sister Margery and her husband, Captain Dolor Davis, and settled at Cambridge, Mass. But wishing to be near the Rev. Mr. Bulkeley, Simon Willard obtained from the Great and General Court a grant of land six miles square at Musketaquid on condition that he should settle twelve families thereon; he removed there in 1635.

Then he launched into a busy, active, vigorous public life; became an extensive trader with the Indians; Clerk of the Writs, Surveyor of Arms, deputy, military commander, commissioner, Judge of the County Court, major, serjeant-major, second in office only to the serjeant-major general, assistant. He was commander-in-chief of the Massachusetts Bay force sent against the Nianticks, a tribe of Narraganset Indians under the Sachem Ninigret, whose chief seat was the corner of Rhode Island which bordered on Connecticut.

He sold his estate in Concord, Mass., in 1659 and removed to Lancaster, where he was established in 1660. But about 1671 or 2, Major Willard

made another removal to a large farm at Nomaericus, now the town of Ayer, Mass., but then comprised in the jurisdiction of Groton. His dwelling house there was the first which was burned by the Indians in their onslaught of March 13, 1676.

On August 2, 1675, Major Simon Willard, who had been in command of a Middlesex County regiment for the long period of twenty years, at the head of forty-six dragoons, with Captain Parker of Groton, marched to the rescue of Brookfield, Mass., where the Indians were ravaging and massacring the defenceless inhabitants. Thence the troops made their toilsome way to Hadley, Mass., and did not return to headquarters at Boston until the very last of August.

February, 1676, despite his advanced age, Major Willard raised a force of troopers and dragoons, and was actively engaged in scouting and in protecting the defenceless frontier towns until, while at Charlestown, Mass., he took the prevailing epidemic cold, of which disease he died April 24, 1676, in his seventy-second year.

After the death of his first wife, Mary Sharp, he married, 2d, Elizabeth Dunster, sister of President Dunster of Harvard College, who did not long survive their union. After her death, he married, 3d, Mary Dunster, a close connection of his second wife. Of these unions there were born unto him sixteen children, of whom the thirteenth was a son Daniel, born at Concord, Mass., December 29, 1658.

Daniel Willard seems to have inherited the roving propensities of his father, since he resided successively in the towns of Concord, Sudbury, Chelsea, Charlestown and Boston; at which latter place he was a merchant, also a keeper of the gaol, and where he died August 23, 1708. He married, 1st, Hannah, daughter of John and Mehitable Cutler of Charlestown, Mass., who died February 22, 1690-1; he then married, 2d, January 4, 1692-3, Mary, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Shove) Mills, who was born in Braintree April 1, 1670.

Their daughter Mehitable, born in Boston January 12, 1715-6, married March 12, 1728, John Baxter, "father of Daniel Baxter and grandfather of the Hon. Daniel Baxter of Boston, whose daughter married Lemuel Shattuck" (Thayer Memorial, p. 366.) Mehitable Willard's younger sister, Sarah Willard, married William Hope of the Craighall Hope family of England, and bore two children, Henry and Harriet. These were left with their uncle and aunt Baxter when their parents sailed for a visit to their English relations. They both died at sea on their return voyage. Harriet Hope lived at Quincy until the time of her marriage to an English gentleman by the name of Goddard, and then removed to London.

On attaining manhood, Henry Hope entered a banking house in London; in 1760 he sailed for Amsterdam to visit his uncles, who were of the banking house then of Hope Brothers. "Finding favor in their eyes," he remained with them, and eventually the "whole of that vast concern devolved upon Henry Hope, who died, unmarried, in London February 25, 1811, leaving an estate of £5,800,000." (Willard Family, p. 381.)

Daniel, son of John and Melitable (Willard) Baxter, born in 1733, by trade a clothier, bought a farm at Chelsea, Mass., but not succeeding as well as he desired, became disheartened, sold the place and returned to Quincy to the farm at Hough's Neck, which had been given to his wife at the time of their marriage, September 19, 1755. Her maiden name was Prudence Spear, and she was a great granddaughter of George Spear, who is supposed to have come from Yarmouth, England, to Dorchester, Mass. He was made freeman 1644; resided in Braintree, and was the founder of Speartown, now in Quincy.

Among the freeholders of Braintree in 1647, we read the names of Lieut. John Baxter, Benjamin Savel, Nathaniel Owen, Henry Crane and Samuel Spear. This last, son of George and Mary Spear, was born in Braintree 15, 8, 1652. He inherited a part of his father's estate, and added greatly to his possessions, whereby, at the time of his demise, his property was valued at the unusually large sum (for those days) of £1,118 10s. 00d. He married June 5, 1694, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Dorothy (Badeock) Daniels of Milton, Mass., and granddaughter of William and Catherine (Greenway) Daniels of Dorchester and Milton. He died December 14, 1713, aged 55 years, as his gravestone at Quincy, now in good preservation, states.

His son, John Spear, born April 10 (or 8) 1710, was one of the privates in Captain Ward's company of soldiers sent for the reduction of Canada in 1758. He married about 1736, Mary Arnold, and died July 5, 1776, in his 66th year (gravestone). His daughter Prudence, as we have above noted, married Daniel Baxter; their daughter, Sarah Spear, married Thomas Crane, and died August 18, 1824, aged 55 years; Thomas Crane died September 25, 1818, aged 48 years, and in their son Thomas Crane concentrates all these sterling New England ancestors, all of them sprung from sturdy English stock and from the stalwart men who came to create homes founded on strong religious faith, and rigid adherence to codes of honor, integrity and probity. Grave Puritans they, who in their toil and concern to establish strongholds of noble political and civil life could not unbend to light enjoyments, but wrought at their self-appointed, God-given tasks with knit brows, and close set lips, weighted with sense of personal responsibility and dignified by their labor.

CORRECTION.

In the manuscript record by the first pastors of the Second Church at Hampton, N. H., an entry was found that threw light on the statement in the settlement of Mrs. Ann Pattishall's estate at Boston.

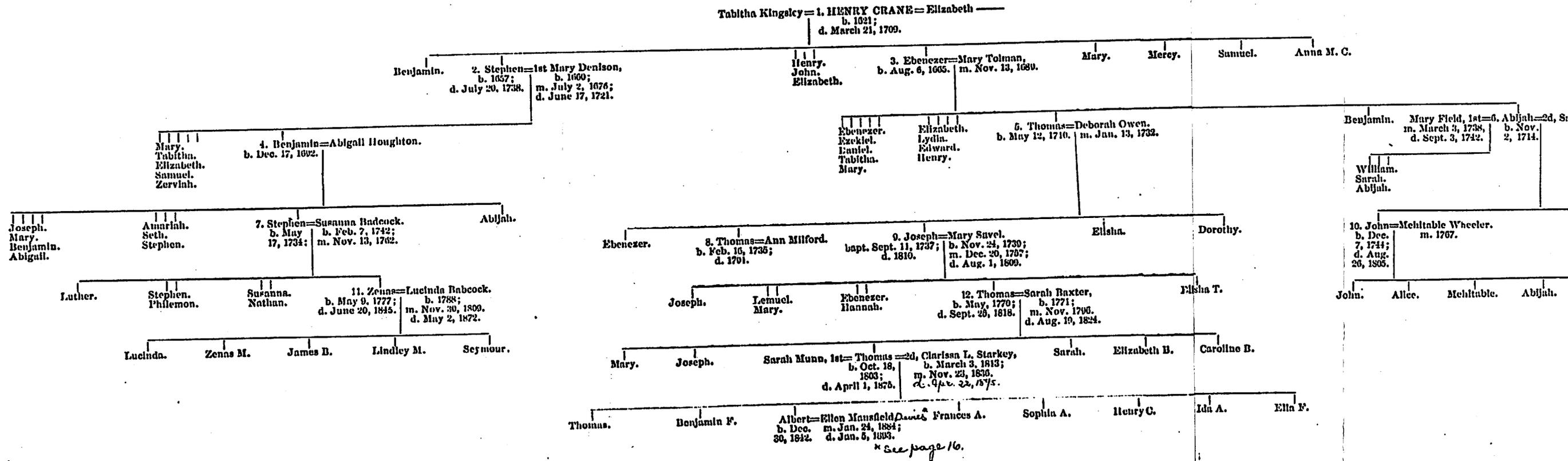
"At Hampton Falls, N. H., Mr. Richard Pattishall was married to Mrs. Ann Milford, both of Boston, Mass., October 6, 1748, by Rev. Joseph Whipple."

This was followed by an entry in Publications at Boston, where Thomas Crane was published to Ann Milford.

These two facts prove that Mrs. Hannah Crane was a step-daughter to Mr. Richard Pattishall and not his own daughter as the names written in the settlement appeared to prove.

See page 7.

CRANE CHART.



Benjamin. Mary Field, 1st=6. Abijah=2d, Sarah Beverley.
m. March 3, 1738, b. Nov. 2, 1714.
d. Sept. 3, 1742.

William.
Sarah.
Abijah.

10. John=Mehitable Wheeler. Miriam.
b. Dec. 7, 1744; m. 1767.
d. Aug. 26, 1805.

John. Alice. Mehitable. Abijah. Isaac. Charlotte.

Crane
Family

FAMILY RECORD.

BIRTHS.	BIRTHS.
Rufus Crane Junr	Born Sept 21 st 1786
Lucinda Crane	Born Sept 8 th 1788
Wren Crane	Born Novemb 14 th 1790
Hisia Crane	Born Decemb 10 th 1792
James & Nancy Crane Junr	Born Decemb 23 rd 1794
Prudence Crane	Born May 20 th 1797
Abraham Crane	Born Octob 27 th 1799
Hersa Crane	Born Decemb 3 rd 1802
Harvey Crane	Born May 1 st 1804
Asper G. Crane	Born Novemb 9 th 1807

See attached
for

"translation"



FAMILY RECORD.

MARRIAGES.

MARRIAGES.

I hereby certify that the within record, of the age of my child, is a true record it was copied by my son Jasper Currel, several years ago, from an old record in my old small Bible that record is now, as I believe, entirely destroyed or lost, and this is the only record, I can now find, of my family, the original record, according to my best knowledge & belief, was only a record of our child's own eyes, & did not contain an entry of our marriage.

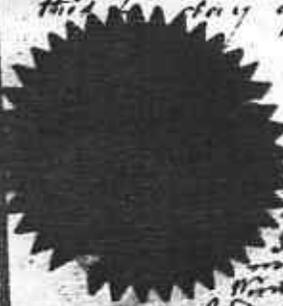
the within record, of the age of my child, is a true record it was copied by my son Jasper Currel, several years ago, from an old record in my old small Bible that record is now, as I believe, entirely destroyed or lost, and this is the only record, I can now find, of my family, the original record, according to my best knowledge & belief, was only a record of our child's own eyes, & did not contain an entry of our marriage.

Rachel Currel

Sworn to and subscribed before the Probate Court for the District of East Windsor, in New Jersey County Conn. this 4th day of September 1838.
Before me

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name, & do hereunto affix the seal of said Probate Court this 4th day of September 1838

William Barnes Judge.



I, Royal L. Jackson, Clerk of the Probate Court for the district of East Windsor, do hereby certify that William Barnes Esq. before whom the foregoing certificate was made is sole judge of said Probate Court, that his signature thereto is genuine in testimony whereof, I do hereunto subscribe my name, & affix the seal of said Court at East Windsor aforesaid on this 11th day of May A.D. 1839

FAMILY RECORD

Births

Rufus Crane	Born Sept. 21, 1786
Lucinda Crane	Born Sept. 8, 1788
Orren Crane	Born November 14, 1790
Hosea Crane	Born February 10, 1792
Samuel & Nancy Crane, Twins	Born February 22, 1794
Prudence Crane	Born May 20, 1797
Acsah Crane	Born October 27, 1799
Hosea Crane	Born February 3, 1802
Harvey Crane	Born May 1, 1804
Jasper Crane	Born November 9, 1807

Marriages

I hereby certify that the within record, of the ages, of my children, is a true record. It was copied by my son, Jasper Crane, now in the State of New Hampshire, several years ago, from an old record in my old small Bible: That record is now, as I believe, entirely destroyed, or lost, and this is the only record, I can now find, of my family. The original record, according to my best knowledge and belief, was only a record of our children's ages, and did not contain an entry of our marriage.

/s/ Rachel Crane

Sworn to and subscribed before the Probate Court for the District of East Windsor, in Hartford County, Conn., this 4th day of September 1838.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and now affix the seal of said Probate Court this 4th day of September 1838.

/s/ William Barnes Judge

I, Bezaleel Sexton, Clerk of the Probate Court for the District of East Windsor, do hereby certify that William Barnes Esq., before whom the foregoing certificate was made, is sole Judge of said Probate Court; that his signature thereto is genuine. In testimony whereof, I do hereunto subscribe my name and affix the seal of said Court at East Windsor aforesaid on this day of May 1839.

as it was inconvenient for the said Hezekiah Crane to leave home, his said son, Rufus Crane, took his place and served out the tour from August to October, a period she has understood of 67 days.

And again in the summer and fall of the year 1780, he served in what was called the short levies. He enlisted under Capt. Erastus Wolcott of East Windsor and went on to the camp on the North River, he was attached to Col. Zebulon Butler's Regiment. Several other persons from this town served in Captain Wolcott's company at the same time, viz Peter Wolcott, Timothy Porter, Justus Bissell, David Grant, but they are all dead, and have been for several years, so that she cannot find a person who served with him, but his brother David's wife, remembers his going; and has testified to it: This she has understood was for a period of five months.

She is assured by said Rufus Crane's friends and acquaintances that he went in to the service two or three tours more, but she cannot name where, or tell the officers he served with. Therefore at present cannot Declare in relation to his other services.

She furthermore declares, that she was married to her said husband, at the house of her father, Jonathon Grant, at Windsor Goshen, by Daniel Ellsworth Esq. then a Magistrate who used to join persons in marriage; she was married on the fourteenth day of October, Seventeen Hundred and Eighty-Five: And lived with her said husband until the 30th day of November 1825, when he died and she still continues his widow.

That she was not married to him prior to his leaving the service but the marriage took place previous to the first day of January 1794, viz at the time above stated.

/s/ Rachel Crane

Sworn to and subscribed on the day and year above written.

Before me William Barnes, Judge, my name, and office the Seal of said Court at East Windsor, aforesaid on this 6th day of November 1838.

Attest /s/ William Barnes, Judge

And the said Court do hereby declare their opinion after the investigation of the matter and after putting the appropriate interrogations that the said Rufus Crane was a soldier of the Revolution and served as is stated in the foregoing Declaration, and that the present applicant was married to him at the time stated in the foregoing Declaration and that the said Rufus Crane died as is set forth herein, and that the present declarant is his surviving widow, and that she has never again intermarried.

In testimony whereof I, Bezaleel Sexton, Clerk of the Probate Court for the district of East Windsor in the County of Hartford, a state aforesaid, do hereby declare that William Barnes Esq. whose signature is affixed to the foregoing declaration is sole Judge of the said Probate Court & that the signature affixed is in his own handwriting.

. this 14th day of May 1839

Attest /s/ Bezaleel Sexton, Clerk

I, Elijah Blodget, a resident of East Windsor in Hartford County, Connecticut, hereby depose and say that I was well acquainted with Rufus Crane, then a resident of East Windsor aforesaid. That in the time of the Revolutionary War, he served with him for period of two months in a Military Guard, which was raised in this town and Enfield in year 1777, or 78, to guard General Prescott (a British General) who was taken on Rhode Island, by surprise in the night by Col. Burton. Said Prescott was removed to Enfield, as a place of security beyond the reach of the enemy, and was put under a Military Guard; we were drafted from the Militia and in several instances men who were detached hired substitutes. I was hired by Mr. Simeon Booth of East Windsor. We kept a strict military guard, two hours at a time and then were relieved. This was a Sergeant's Guard, and when we were there Sergeant Elias Button was Sergeant of the Guard.

I am also well knowing to the fact that the said Rufus Crane served a tour at New London of two or three months in the year 1779. I did not serve with him but was sent down after him because his brother then lay at the point of death. I led down a horse for him to ride up and he came up with me. This was the latter part of August, or beginning of September. It is my belief that he went immediately back to finish his period of service.

/s/ Elijah Blodget

Sworn and subscribed on this 1st day of October 1838 before me Jesse Charlton, a Notary Public of and for the State of Connecticut at East Windsor in said State on this 1st day of October 1838, and the said Elijah Blodget is a resident of said East Windsor, and a credible person, well known to me. In testimony whereof I do hereunto subscribe my name and office, my seal of office, at said East Windsor on the day and year above named.

Attest: /s/ Jesse Charlton, Notary Public